

The Hong Kong Telegraph.

No. 31.]

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 20TH, 1881.

[PRICE—\$16 PER ANNUM.]

Shipping.

FOR AMOY.

THE Steam-ship
"DIAMANTE."
Captain Callon, will be despatched for
the above port on SATURDAY, the
23rd Instant, at Noon.
For Freight or Passage apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 19th July, 1881.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE American Barque
"MABEL,"
Snow, Master, will load here for the
above Port and will have quick des-
patch.
For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 8th July, 1881.

RECORD of AMERICAN and
FOREIGN SHIPPING.
Agents,
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

G. FALCONER & Co.,
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER
MANUFACTURERS
AND
JEWELLERS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CHARTS AND BOOKS.
No. 46, QUEEN'S-ROAD CENTRAL.

JOHN NOBLE.

CHRONOMETER AND WATCHMAKER
JEWELLER & SILVERSMITH.
Meteorological and Nautical
Instruments.
No. 8, QUEEN'S-ROAD.

Chs. J. GAUPP & Co.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND
CLOCK-MAKERS,
Jewellers, Silver-smiths, and
Opticians.

Charts and Books.

Nautical Instruments.

Sole Agents
for *Louis Audemars' Watches*;
awarded the highest Prizes at every
Exhibition;
and for *Voigtlander and Sohn's*
Celebrated OPERA GLASSES,
MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES.
No. 38, Queen's-road Central.

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

OREGON PINE SPARS
AND LUMBER
always on hand.

L. MALLORY,
Proprietor.

Hongkong, 24th June, 1881.

THE Undersigned have been ap-
pointed AGENTS to the NEW
YORK BOARD of UNDER-
WRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

STAG HOTEL.

QUEEN'S-ROAD CENTRAL.
Good accommodation for Visitors,
English & American Billiards.
Tiffin at One o'clock.
Dinner at 7.30.

This Hotel is most centrally situated
and within easy distance of the prin-
cipal landing places.

J. Cook,
Proprietor.

T. N. DRISCOLL.

TAILOR, HOSIER, HATTER,
AND
GENERAL OUTFITTER.
45, and 47, QUEEN'S-ROAD.

R. FRASER-SMITH,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT,
ARBITRATOR,

AND
COMMISSION AGENT.
CLUB CHAMBERS, HONGKONG.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned will offer for
sale by Public Auction, on
MONDAY,
25th July, 1881, at 3 p.m.,
unless previously disposed of by private
contract, the valuable property, com-
prising Seven Chinese Shops and
Dwelling Houses, erected upon In-
land Lot No. 77, opposite the Com-
missariat Buildings, Queen's-road East.
The seven shops will be sold either
separately or together.

Terms of sale \$2,000, or \$300, per
house, on account of purchase
money, to be paid on the fall of the
hammer. For plans of the property,
and further particulars and conditions
of sale, refer to

SHARP & Co.,

Auctioneers and Valuers of Lands,
Houses, and Estates,

13, Queen's-road Central, opposite
the Chartered Bank of India,
Australia and China.
Hongkong, 15th July, 1881.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL
COMPANY, LIMITED.**

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEET-
ING of SHAREHOLDERS will
be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, on
FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at Four
o'clock p.m.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be CLOSED from the
14th to the 29th Instant.

By Order of the Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1881.

**CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.**

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Fifteenth Ordinary Meeting of
Shareholders in the Company will
be held at the Head-office, Victoria,
Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 30th
Instant, at 2.30 o'clock p.m., for the
purpose of presenting the Report of
the Directors and Statement of Ac-
count to 30th April last, and of declar-
ing dividends.

The Transfer Books of the Company
will be closed from 16th to 30th Inst.,
both days inclusive.

By Order,
W. H. RAY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1881.

LE CERCLE-TRANSPORTS
SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME D'ASSURANCE
MARITIME MARSEILLE.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....15,000,000 Francs.
CAPITAL PAID-UP..... 3,750,000 Francs.

The Undersigned, having been ap-
pointed AGENTS of the above Company,
are prepared to GRANT POLICIES
on MARINE RISKS to all parts of
the World.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

**HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA
DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.**

NOTICE.

During my absence from Hongkong,
Mr. ROBERT COOKE will act as
Secretary.

By Order of the Board,
D. GILLIES,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

William Schmidt & Co.

GUNMAKERS, &c.

BEAUFIELD ARCADE.

Intimations.

V.  R.
THEATRE ROYAL,
CITY HALL.

TO-DAY, 20TH JULY, 1881.

GRAND SUBSCRIPTION
ENTERTAINMENT,
AND

Positively the last appearance of the
TAYLOR TROUPE.

Prices of Admission \$2, \$1, and 50 cts.

V.  R.

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACTS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are required for the
ERECTION of a SANITARIUM at
the Wanchai Valley, Hongkong.

Parties desiring to Tender for the
erection of these Works must leave
their names at the Royal Engineer Of-
fice on or before the 1st August, 1881,
at Two p.m.

Bills of Quantities and Specifications
will be supplied to each person on ap-
plication to the Government Surveyor
on payment of Five Dollars.

The Bills of quantities and Specifica-
tions will be printed in English only.

No Tender will be received unless
the person tendering produces a receipt
to the effect that he has deposited in
Her Majesty's Treasury, Commissariat
Buildings, the sum of \$100 as a pledge
of the bona fides of his offer, which
sum shall be forfeited to the Crown if
such person refuses to carry out his
Tender, should the Tender be accepted.

The Secretary of State does not bind
himself to accept the lowest or any
Tender.

A. MEYER, A.C.G.,
District Commissary-General.

Commissariat Office,
Hongkong, 18th July, 1881.

ECA DA SILVA & Co.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS
AND AUCTIONEERS.

IMPORTERS OF PARISIAN
GOODS, SPANISH WINES, AND
GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS.

Special lines in Fancy and Plain
SATIN, SILK, AND GAUZE DRESSES.

A variety of Richly TRIMMED
COSTUMES, from the first houses
in Paris.

Elegant Dressing & Morning
GOWNS.

BATHING DRESSES in the latest
Style.

MUSLIN SHAWLS, CRAVATS,
and FICHUS.

An assortment of Fine FRENCH
CORSETS.

Ex recent Mail Steamers.

Ladies' and Children's STRAW
HATS in great variety.

PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS.

RIBBONS and SASHES of every
description.

Silk and Lisle Thread STOCKINGS.

COLLARS and CUFFS in latest
Fashions.

SATIN and KID SHOES.

White and Colored KID GLOVES.

Gentlemen's SILK and SATIN
SCARVES.

French BOOTS and SHOES.

A large collection of Elegant Arti-
cles suitable for presents, from the
Grand Magasins du Louvre.

Picco & Labin's Celebrated
PERFUMES.

The most varied collection of Fancy
Goods in the Colony.

SHERRIES of the Finest Quality
at extremely low prices.

Note the address, 48, Queen's-road
Central.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

SUMMER NECESSITIES.

Cooling Drinks and Tonics:—

Neurotone, A NEW TONIC.

Devonshire Cider.

Rhapsodia and Cowslip Wine.

Ginger Ale.

Lemonade and Soda Water.

Sparkling Summer Ale.

SUMMER UNDER CLOTHING:—

Light and Durable in Silk.

Indian Gauze.

Lisle Thread.

Balbriggan and Cotton.

Washing Ties and Gloves.

Shirts and Collars.

Sun Helmets and Straw Hats.

Umbrellas.

Lawn Tennis Sets.

Parlour Curling Pond.

Lawn Bowls.

Aunt Sally and Skittles.

Bath Sponges and Towels.

Bathing Drawers.

FRESH GROCERIES and House-

hold Stores.

New Butter. New Milk.

PERFUMERY. Fruit Salt, Quinine,

Parish's Food, Prickly Heat and

Carbolic Soaps.

Eau de Cologne.

New Novels.

Billiard Cues.

LAWN GRASS SEEDS.

SAYLE & CO'S SHOWROOMS.

Ex S.S. "Bothwell Castle."

Ex S.S. "Glenroy."

Cheap Fancy Dress Materials.

Cream Oatmeal Cloth for Dress.

An assortment of New and Fashion-
able Frillings.

Ribbons in every colour and width.

The New "Ombre" Ribbons, shaded.

Infants White Silk Hats.

Children's "Granny" Sun Hats.

Infants Cloaks and Robes.

Evo's Fruit Salt.

Perfumery and Toilet Soaps.

Ladies' Spun Silk Vests.

Ladies' White and Coloured Lisle

Thread Hose.

Ladies' White Cotton Hose.

Ladies' Balbriggan Hose.

Lace Collars.

Children's Fancy Collars.

Specialities in Ladies' Umbrellas.

Lime Cream and Hair Washes for

the Hair.

A splendid line in Ladies' Embroid-
ered Shoes. &c., &c., &c.

Victoria Exchange, Hongkong.
Temporary Premises, Crosby's Store,
SAYLE & Co.

KELLY & WALSH

HAVE just received

The Revised New Testament.

Life of Lord Beaconsfield.

Bergen's Seamanship.

Colonel Gordon's Africa.

Captain Hayes' Veterinary Notes for

Horse Owners.

Hole's Book about Roses.

Rigg's Treatise on Steam Engine.

Boulger's History of China.

American Collections of Modern Music.

Cigarette Machines.

Clarke's Manual of Engineering.

Knight's Engineering Dictionary.

Lavater's Physiognomy.

King's War-ships of Europe.

Sawyer's Electric Lighting.

Wade's Tzu-Erh-Chi.

Fyfe's History of Europe.

ALL THE NEW NOVELS OF THE DAY.

Pinto's Through Africa, in Portuguese.

New Dance Music! New Songs!

New French Novels

Large Stock, New Pipes.

Sweet Caporal, Old Judge, Entre Nous

and other popular Cigarettes.

Empress of India Cigarettes.

New Birthday Cards.

New Scrap Albums.

All the Novelties from Vienna, Lon-

don, Paris and America.

Summer Games, Lawn Tennis, Croquet,

&c.

New Fine Art Goods.

New designs in Playing Cards.

The Japanese Lacquer Playing Cards.

Mathematical Instruments.

Colour Boxes and Artist's Sundries.

New Menu and Name Cards.

New designs in Stationery.

A new stock of Tauchnitz Novels.

A large stock of well finished European

ACCOUNT BOOKS in full and

half binding, also Ladies' and Gen-

tleman's Chit Books.

Hongkong, June 15th, 1881.

ED. CHASTEL & CO.,

WINE MERCHANTS,

Marine House, 15, Queen's-road.

HAVE for sale ex recent arrivals, Light Breakfast CLARETS in quarts and
pints. After Dinner CLARETS in quarts and pints.

CHATEAU LAFITE, MARGAUX, LAROSE, LEOVILLE CLOS DE

MAURIN, &c. &c.

De St. Marceaux & Co's CHAMPAGNE in quarts, pints and half-pints.

CLARET in WOOD.

CHARTREUSE, CURAÇOA, MARASCHINO.

Price list on application.

A. MILLAR & Co.,

PLUMBERS, GASFITTERS,

COPPERSMITHS, AND BRASS-

FOUNDERS, OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE

FLETCHER'S BUILDINGS, QUEEN'S-ROAD

EAST. WORKS—SPRING

GARDENS, WANCHAI

D. K. GRIFFITH & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

LONDON AERATED

WATERS.

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

7, Beaconsfield Arcade.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

BOWLING ALLEYS.

WITH BALLS, PINS, &c.,

Complete.

The Alleys are 79 feet in length,

and were laid down about a year ago

A. S. WATSON & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
GENERAL CHEMISTS,

AND
Manufacturers of the following
AERATED WATERS, viz.:
SODA, TONIC, SASSAPARILLA,
AND POTASH, LEMONADE,
GINGERADE, RASPBERRYADE,
AND PHOSPHORIC CHAMPAGNE.

Deliveries in Town and Harbour from
7 A.M. to 7 P.M.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REFITTED,
PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

Prompt Attention given to Coast
Orders.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

HONGKONG.

SHANGHAI PHARMACY.

SHANGHAI.

CANTON DISPENSARY.

CANTON.

THE DISPENSARY.

FOOTLOU.

Notices to Correspondents.

All communications should be addressed
The Editor "Hongkong Telegraph,"
15, Wellington Street.

All letters for publication must be
written on one side of the paper only.

Correspondents are requested to forward
their names and addresses with all
communications intended for insertion,
not necessarily for publication, but as
evidence of good faith.

Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers who do not receive their
newspapers within thirty-five minutes
after the time of publication will oblige
by communicating with the Editor.

Domestic Notices, if properly au-
thenticated, will be inserted free of
charge.

THE
Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, 20TH JULY, 1881.

Our contemporary the *Catholic Register* is aggrieved at our deprecation of Archbishop Croke's now notorious Tipperary speech on the subject of the imprisonment of the Land Leaguers, and the state of affairs generally in Ireland. The gentleman who writes the leaders for the *Register* must surely have been studying the poetical description of "Ally Sloper's sentimental adventures in search of Aldgate Pump" judging by the "reflections" called forth by our article. We desire to be at peace and amity with all men, and all public prints, especially with those who work under the banner of religion, so we would rather avoid appearing hypercritical even in this particular instance; still, for our own satisfaction, and the information of of the public generally, we really should esteem it a favour if our *Catholic* adversary would enlighten our ignorance as to what is meant by that touching allusion about the victims who "grow hardened, and care no more for the tempest of ill temper directed against them than for the idle winds which drift the dead leaves down the dusty road, and sound their trumpets in the tops of the pines." We are really thinking of having the above mysterious "reflections" framed, and hung up in our sanctum as one of the literary curiosities of the century. Seriously speaking, friendly contemporary, you are ill advised to allow every hot headed Irish enthusiast, whose Land League sympathies, and so-called patriotic tendencies, betray his identity at every sentence, to desecrate your sacred columns with stupid pretensions, which the leading men of your Church at home, have deliberately disclaimed. Your mission is a religious, not a political one. Remember the old saying, *Ne Sutor ultra crepidam*. Stick to your religion, and leave politics to

those who understand them, if you wish to be respected. Above all do not open your columns to the hot headed partisans of such misguided men as Archbishop Croke, whose unwise interference has probably already led to serious disturbances, and bloodshed, and which under any circumstances could not have effected the slightest good. The Land League may be a religious body as Dr. Croke asserts, although we doubt it much; and it may be that the Irish are the most religious people, as their clerical advisers are unquestionably the "most uncompromising priesthood" in the world; but in the face of all this the man who recommends an ignorant and unlettered peasantry to oppose, for the sake of an impossible idea, the might of the British Government; and gloatingly preaches about the undying hatred which the Irish in America cherish for the country which banished them from their native land, is a seditious firebrand, whose sacred office and princely rank should be no protection from the laws which he has offended. Archbishop Croke's conduct has already been severely censured by the leading Roman Catholics in England; and that His Holiness the Pope will disapprove of his indiscretions is an absolute certainty. We have not attempted to criticise our contemporary's article. To speak honestly it is outside the pale of enlightened criticism. But as there are doubtless many Roman Catholics in Hongkong who take a certain interest in the welfare of their co-religionists even in such a distant spot of earth as the Emerald Isle, and as these well meaning people might easily be misled by the seditious utterances of the firebrand leader writer in the *Catholic Register*, and his worthy coadjutor, Archbishop Croke, we consider it a duty to ask our constituents to compare the actions, herein delineated, of Dr. McCabe, Archbishop of Dublin, with the blood and thunder denunciations of Dr. Croke, printed in the last number of the *Catholic Register*. On receiving reliable intelligence of the part taken by Archbishop Croke in the disturbances at Limerick his Grace of Dublin immediately issued a pastoral to be read in all the churches in his diocese, denouncing the Land League, and sharply reminding the clergy that their mission is not to incite an aggressive war, but to promote peace and concord. As Dr. McCabe is known to be the direct mouth-piece of the Pope, his pastoral is bound to have a great deal of weight throughout the country, and has already thrown the Leaguers into utter confusion. The Archbishop of Dublin is in high favor at Rome, and it is probable that he will be one of the new Cardinals. It has been reported that Dr. Croke will reply to the pastoral, but this is considered unlikely, as it is generally well known that he has already received a strong hint from the Vatican that his recent conduct has proved deeply mortifying to His Holiness, and that it will be well for him in future to confine himself strictly to the work of the church. As a result of Dr. McCabe's pastoral a great falling off in the number of outrages has already been noticed. A telegram from London dated June 16th states that there is good ground for saying that the letter which will be addressed by the Sacred College at Rome to the Irish hierarchy, on the subject of the appearance of priests as champions of the agitation will be almost a transcript of that issued to the Irish bishops on a similar subject in 1848. The bishops will be instructed to prohibit their clergy from taking an active part at public meetings of the league, and to report upon the cases of Father Sheehy, of Kilmallock, and other priests who have figured prominently in the agitation. The bishops will also be expected to do their utmost to put a stop to agrarian outrages. The news of the contemplated interference of the Pope has already done much to

restore order in the disturbed districts and to destroy the influence of the League.

Bishop O'Reilly, Catholic Bishop of Liverpool, Bishop Hilly, Coadjutor Bishop of Birmingham, and Bishop Vaughan, of Salford, have warned their flock against "skirmishing," pointing out that plots to blow up the public buildings are crimes akin to murder, and ought to be executed by every man calling himself a Catholic. It is reported that Cardinal Manning will make some deliverance on the subject on Sunday.

In the face of all this we read that a certain Father O'Connor who is about to depart on a mission to America, has a letter from Archbishop Croke, commissioning him to proclaim everywhere in America what the Irishmen want, and to tell Americans that the Irish people are determined to carry on the present constitutional agitation.

We have now said quite enough to justify our former remarks concerning the part taken by Archbishop Croke and his supporters in recent disturbances in Ireland, and as we do not desire to engage in any religious controversy with the *Catholic Register*, or with any other publication of a similar character, we sincerely trust that we have placed our contemporary's rather unfortunate attempt to bolster up as a martyr, a most bigotted and dangerous partisan, in its true light, without offending a single Roman Catholic in the Colony.

NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The following telegrams are taken from our San Francisco files, received by the *City of Peking* yesterday forenoon:—

The French protectorete in Tunis.

London, June 16.—The *Times'* Tunis special says the circular of Roustan, the French Minister, to the Foreign Consuls here, has caused great excitement among the members of the British community. They all declare that a complete annexation and regency by France will be preferable to the transfer of the Bey's rights to Roustan.

Affairs in France.

Paris, June 16.—The Senate to-day adopted a bill granting the liberty of public meetings.

An attempt was made on Wednesday to blow up the statue of Thiers at St. Germain with a box of gunpowder. The statue was slightly injured. An inquiry into the outrage was instituted.

War in Algiers.

Algiers, June 16.—The native Algerian forces have annihilated the insurgent tribes. The insurgents left 66 dead and carried away many wounded. Fifteen hundred camels were captured.

The Fenian Scare in Parliament.

London, June 16.—In the House of Commons, to-day, Stanhope, Conservative, gave notice that he would ask on Monday next whether any representation had been made as to the American organizations for committing outrages in England.

Progress on the Land Bill.

London, June 16.—The Government in the Commons opposed the amendment to the Land bill, adding the provision that the first clause shall not apply to the tenancy or any holding which heretofore has been maintained and improved by the landlord or his predecessor in title. The amendment was defeated by 225 to 200, and the clause was adopted.

Exporting Irish Paupers.

Dublin, June 16.—The South Dublin guardians have resolved to send 37 able-bodied paupers to America. They have been in the work-house from three to twenty years.

Irish Farmers Favor the Land Bill.

London, June 16.—A large body of farmers of the north of Ireland had a conference to-day with the Irish Liberal members of Parliament, including Shaw. They expressed the strong hope that the really important amend-

ments to the Land bill be proposed, and that nothing should be done to imperil the passage of the bill.

Berlin, June 16.—The news from St. Petersburg states that the officers and crew of the guardship lying off Peteroff, where the Russian Imperial family will shortly take up their residence, will be changed in consequence of the discovery of revolutionary proclamations on board. There have been many arrests made in connection with the affair.

London, June 16.—The old drinking toast of the Irish peasantry, "Here's to the man that made the strop that whetted the razor that cut the throat of Lord Castlereagh" has given place to, "Buckshot Billy—may he soon meet Castlereagh at the cross roads"—that is, at the suicide's grave. The commanding officers serving in Ireland, as well as Inspector General Hillier, of the constabulary, complain bitterly of his indecision, and in his private circulars to them, which find their way almost as soon as issued to the *Freeman's Journal* office, show that the charge is only too well founded. Mr. Parnell and his followers detest Forster, who is not, indeed, very popular with his own party.

It is probable that Forster will be succeeded by Charles Russell, the member for Dundalk, who is credited with having drafted the compensation clause of the Land bill. Russell is an Irishman by birth and a leader in the Northern Circuit in England. He is very popular in Ireland, and the Parnell party look upon him as a friend to "the cause."

This will probably close Mr. Forster's political career. He is extremely unpopular in Bradford with the mill operatives, who are clamoring for retaliatory duties, and among a large body of Irish voters who denounce his administration at Dublin.

Sofia, June 16.—Prince Alexander of Roumania has started on a tour of military inspection. At Vratza 20,000 persons welcomed him and presented addresses declaring that the Bulgarians unanimously accepted the conditions named in the Prince's proclamation.

Work on the Dover Tunnel.

London, June 17th.—Sir Edward Watkins, the Chairman of the South Eastern Railway Company, informed the meeting of that Company that two experimental shafts for the proposed channel tunnel had been sunk on the English side, and two on the French side, and that from one shaft on the English side galleries 800 or 900 yards long, and 7 feet in diameter, had been driven. The progress during the last week had been 67 yards, which is equal to two miles yearly. They have thus solved the question of the rate of progress for an experimental gallery, and have ascertained that the lower strata is impermeable to water. The French experiments realized exactly the same result. They had arrived, he said, at an understanding with the French Tunnel Committee, that on each side of the channel a further heading of a mile should be driven.

When these headings are finished, which certainly ought to be in six months, one-tenth of the question would have been dealt with and a further treaty would then probably be proposed, under which each Company would accomplish the remaining nine miles on its side, with a view of meeting in the middle of the channel. A seven-foot gallery ought, on this system to be completed in five years.

Harmony of the Telegraphers.

London, June 17th.—All the telegraph operators will strike if any are suspended for refusing to work over time.

New York, June 17th.—A London cable to the *World* says: In the House of Commons Gladstone's Government received its first serious blow last night, at the hands of the Whig element of the Liberal party. A defection of the aristocratic English Liberals from Gladstone's ranks has always been counted on by the Tories as the chief means of defeating the Land Bill. This danger became evident last night, when a surprise was prepared for the Government by a secret understanding between the aristocratic Liberals and the Conservative party. Though this alliance was regarded as probable by the independent members, the Ministerialists have been caught napping.

The Tories and the aristocratic Whigs had determined to try conclu-

sions with the Government, on an amendment made by Mr. Henage, Liberal member for Great Grimsby, which proposed to take from under the operation of the bill all holdings which had been improved by the landlords, or their predecessors in title. This proposition, though seemingly fair, would have repealed the whole object of the bill if accepted, because it would have led to universal litigation, owing to the customs of the Irish. Every landlord would have set up a colorable claim to have contributed in some shape or other, to every improvement effected by the tenants. The result would be universal litigation wherever tenants proposed to sell their interest in their farms.

The Government resisted the amendment, and when the division was taken 200 voted "aye," while only 225 voted "no." Gladstone's majority thus fell from 112 to 25 votes, and but for the support of the Irish members he would have found himself in the minority.

The result was received with loud and continuous cheering by the Tory party, who felt that they had delivered a staggering blow to the Land Bill.

The Ministerialists showed how much they felt the check by maintaining absolute silence when the result was announced.

The action of the aristocratic Liberals is dictated by a fear that the principles of the bill may be applied to England.

Had the Parnellites voted against the Government, the Ministry would have been defeated.

Mr. Biggar seemed to regret the lost opportunity for he moved the rejection of the first clause of the bill. But the Conservatives did not support him, and the motion was defeated by an overwhelming majority. The clause was then carried by a vote of 204 to 47.

The check sustained by the Government last night will probably encourage the Lords to alter the Land Bill so as to render it worthless, or perhaps to reject it. The gravest consequences may result from last night's decision, unless the Government is able to rally enough supporters on the report to re-affirm by a normal majority the principle which was challenged in Mr. Henage's amendment.

Dublin, June 21.—Father Sheehy was transferred from Naas to Kilmallock jail to-day. Two armed policemen sat in the carriage, which was escorted by forty lancers. The transfer was a surprise to Father Sheehy, who had been in the infirmary. No demonstration was made.

MEETINGS PROHIBITED.

Dublin, June 21.—The *Gazette* contains proclamations prohibiting a number of meetings announced to be held, and placing the City and County of Waterford under the Protection Act, and prohibiting the importation of arms in Ireland, except at Dublin, Belfast, Cork, Limerick, Londonderry, Waterford, Galway, Sligo, Drogheda, Dundalk, Greenore and Wexford.

FACTS AND RUMORS.

Dublin, June 21.—It is understood if Redpath goes to Ireland and makes his customary speeches he will be arrested.

The Irish census shows a population of 5,159,849, being a decrease of 252,535 since 1871.

Three men were sentenced to five years penal servitude to-day, for riot and assaulting the police.

Sexton, at the Land League meeting to-day, made a strong appeal to America for funds, as it was a critical time with the League.

It is stated the Parnellites won't meet any more until the Land bill assumes shape in the Commons.

London, June 21.—The police have seized and confiscated a large number of cartridges found opposite the house of a well-known member of the Land League at Dowsbury, near Leeds. The Land League is very strong there.

Paris, June 21.—Barthelemy St. Hilaire, Minister of Foreign Affairs, yesterday sent a circular to the French representatives abroad, setting forth the policy of France in the Montenegro, Greek, and Tunisian questions. He points out that the French foreign policy is constantly inspired by a desire to maintain peace. As nobody in the world can doubt, France would immediately take up arms, if compelled by honor or self-defence, still her Government has no difficulty in declaring its wishes to settle amicably all international questions. The circular repeats

the assurance that the Tunis expedition was only undertaken to chastise marauders. France, in fulfilling the duty imposed by her merit and material superiority, will assist in regulating the Tunisian administration, and extend her impartial protection to the enterprise of all nations.

Specimen Articles.

London, June 21.—The *News* understands that communications with the United States Government in regard to incentives to crimes in the United Kingdom published by the Irish papers in America, will be conducted at Washington through Lionel Sackville West, successor to Sir Edward Thornton. Among the articles to which the attention of the Washington Cabinet will be called is one speaking of what is called "The Last Visit of the Prince of Wales to this Continent," and in indicating the methods by which a fatal railway accident might be produced with impunity, and another consisting of what professes to be an account of the trial of Gladstone by a secret society, followed by his condemnation to death.

Raids on Madrid Gamblers.

Madrid, June 21.—The authorities have resumed raids on the gambling hells. A young man, son of a gambling-house keeper, who was arrested in the act of laying down a petard, confessed he was the agent of a vast conspiracy of persons who for five months have alarmed Madrid, hoping thereby to force the authorities to tolerate gambling. In consequence of the disclosures twenty-seven persons have been arrested, and warrants are issued against others.

Rome, June 22.—During the debate on the Electoral Reform bill, Premier Depretis announced that the Government did not propose to make the introduction of the *Scrutin de liste* a Cabinet question. The Chamber then approved—212 to 131—the motion in favor of indefinitely postponing discussion of the clauses of the *Scrutin de liste* bill.

New Party in Germany.

Berlin, June 22.—A new paper and a new party, known as the "Black Division," have appeared. They advocate less violent measures than the Terrorists. The Emperor has been advised, probably by the "Black Division" leaders, that it is false that he had been sentenced to death.

The Italian Loan.

London, June 22.—The financial firms of Baring Brothers, and Hambro & Co., have taken the Italian loan in combination with a powerful French syndicate. In order to allay the possibility of alarm relative to the export of gold, it will be stipulated that £16,000,000 shall be taken over in a period of two years.

Why Hartmann Did Not Sail.

London, June 22.—Hartmann, the Nihilist, tried to go to America a few days ago, but after taking passage discovered the steamer went from Antwerp, and was afraid to go there, fearing arrest.

Marseilles, June 22.—Sixty-four delegates of the Syndicate Chambers have adopted an address to the Socialists throughout the world, declaring that the promoters of the recent riots do not belong to any workmen association, and demanding inquiry into the circumstances of the disturbances.

Marseilles, June 22.—Two Frenchmen have been sentenced to a year and a fortnight imprisonment for participation in the riots, and two Italians have been sentenced to three months, and four others to a month's imprisonment for stabbing.

Rome, June 22.—There have been demonstrations at Naples, Turin, and Genoa, to protest against the proceedings at Marseilles. The military interfered to prevent disorders. Premier Depretis, replying to questions in the Chamber of Deputies, stated that he had given instructions for the prevention, by force, if necessary, of such manifestations. The French Consul at Naples has thanked the authorities for their energetic action. After the demonstration at Naples, a Frenchman addressed insulting words to some students and disappeared in the crowd, which then went to the French Club, smashed the windows, and tore down the sign. The demonstration at Naples was most imposing. All classes, without distinction of rank, party or politics, participated.

Chicago, June 22.—The *Times* cable dispatch from Marseilles, says: Over three hundred arrests have been made, and four regiments have been necessary to restore peace. Vast numbers of Italians are returning home. There are signs of disorder at Lyons, where many Italians are likely to repeat the scenes of Marseilles. The fact that Italy is utterly unable to cope with France is the only thing which prevents her from listening to the voice of her people and declaring war.

Augsburg, June 21.—A letter from Bismarck in reply to a telegram from the farmers' Committee of Lower Franconia is published here. In it Bismarck says: "The accomplishment of our common economical programme depends mainly upon the support it receives from the agriculturists. The latter constitute the majority of the population of Germany, and are strong enough to secure by legislation their own and the whole country's interests, if, at the elections, they combine among themselves and with the representatives of either of the productive trades endeavor to return only such deputies as are resolved to protect and advance German labor and production, and assist them by reducing direct taxes and commercial burdens."

Berlin, June 20.—The Emperor has accepted the resignation of Count Stolberg von Wernigerode, as Vice-President of the Ministry of State, and presented him with a high order in consideration of his services. It is stated the resignation is due to private consideration, and is not connected with the appointment of Baron von Böttcher as Bismarck's substitute. The office of Vice-President of the Ministry of State will remain unfilled for the present.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Dr. Blennerhassett, Surgeon, Army Medical Department, has been ordered to Singapore and will proceed to that station by the P. & O. steamer *Rohilla* leaving to-morrow.

Brigade Surgeon C. M. Jessop, Army Medical Department, was brought before a Board of Medical Officers this forenoon with the view of being invalided to England.

The P. & O. Company's steamer *Rohilla* arrived here yesterday from Shanghai and reports a typhoon at Woosung on the night of the 15th instant, the day before her departure for Hongkong.

We would remind our readers that the Mattie Taylor Troupe will make their last public appearance in Hongkong this evening, when they will give a "Grand Subscription Entertainment" in the Theatre Royal, City Hall.

Amongst the passengers by the *Sunda* arrived this morning we notice the names of the Carandini Troupe, who are now on their way to India. They purpose remaining a few days in Hongkong before taking their departure and will probably give one or two entertainments while here.

We learn that the P. & O. Company's steamer *Pekin*, with the English Mails of 17th ultimo, has had to put back to Singapore with a disabled shaft. Mails and passengers were to come on by the *Deucalion*, leaving Singapore this morning at 5 o'clock.

With reference to the wreck of the steamer *Tararua*, which was reported in our columns some time ago, we take the following from Australian files of the 4th ultimo:—

The court of inquiry into the wreck of the steamer *Tararua*, on Waipapa Point, on the April 29, has concluded its sittings, and has found that Captain Garrard was the chief cause of the wreck in not having, by the use of the lead, ascertained the distance from the shore before changing the course at 4 o'clock on the morning of the wreck; that if the compasses were magnetically correct, an insecure course had been steered for two and a half hours previous to the disaster; that the immediate cause of the wreck and loss of life was the negligence of able seaman Weston to keep a proper look-out; the captain committed an error of judgment in not placing the passengers in the boats after the ship struck; that the vessel was sufficiently supplied with boats and life-buoys. The court censured the chief officer (Mr. Robert Lindsay) for want of skill in the management of the boat in which he tried to reach the shore, which capsized while he

was steering it. Finally, the court considered that a light was urgently required on Waipapa Point.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by Correspondents.]

Monsieur le Redacteur du

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

MONSIEUR,—Votre contemporain du matin le *Daily Press* dans son No. du 16 courant nous disait qu'il y avait eu grand dîner au Consulat de France au sujet de la fête Nationale du 14 Juillet, et où Monsieur G. Lemaire avait invité "a party of French ladies and gentlemen"; permettez moi, Monsieur, de donner un formel démenti à ce sujet; car au lieu de 40 personnes qui se seraient assises à dîner on devait dire 4, et cela fait une légère différence! car il n'y avait que Monsieur le Consul, sa Dame, Monsieur le Chancelier, et Monsieur l'Agent des Messageries Maritimes.

Si Monsieur G. Lemaire, Consul de France avait daigné inviter ses compatriotes à venir faire acte de présence au Consulat le 14 Juillet; pour le respect de la République, le Gouvernement de la France! il est certain que toute la petite Colonie française d'Hongkong s'y serait rendue avec enthousiasme, mais il n'en a pas été ainsi, et c'est fâcheux car cela devait être, mais nos Consuls sont si patriotes!

Agreez, Monsieur le redacteur, Mes considerations les plus distinguées,

EGALITE.

Hongkong, 18 Juillet, 1881.

[The above letter speaks for itself, but as some of our readers may not be acquainted with the French language we explain for their benefit that on the 14th inst., the anniversary of the capture of the *Bastille*, the *China Mail* announced that M. Lemaire, the Consul for France at this port, was to entertain a party of French ladies and gentlemen to dinner, and that the consulate was to be brilliantly illuminated with tricolor Chinese lanterns. The *Daily Press* of the 16th published the following paragraph on the same subject:—

"Mr. G. Lemaire, the French Consul, entertained a party of French ladies and gentlemen to dinner, and the Consulate was brilliantly illuminated with strings of lanterns combining the national colour. About forty sat down to dinner and a very pleasant evening was spent. The festivities generally passed off in a most satisfactory manner."

It will be noted how precisely our morning contemporary details the dinner, and the pleasant and festive manner in which the forty enthusiastic sons and daughters of *la belle France* enjoyed themselves.

It happens unfortunately for our contemporary, however, that the dinner and festivities which he describes with so much gushing elaboration, never had any existence excepting in his own disordered imagination. The faculty of invention is so strongly developed in both our local contemporaries, that a good deal of extra labor has been entailed on us during the last five weeks, in showing the public what a thoroughly unreliable and unscrupulous institution the press has been in this colony for years past.—*Editor, H. K. T.*

To the Editor of

"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

Sir,—I was glad to read your leader of yesterday, reviewing the important service performed in this part of the world twenty years ago by the late Admiral Sir James Hope.

There is a happy custom in the United States service which might well be followed in our own, namely, that when any high executive or civil officer dies, the national flags of vessels of war forming the squadron in that part of the world where he had distinguished himself, are hoisted for a day on receipt of news of his death. Such a slight tribute of respect to the memory of the late Admiral might be appropriately shown here, and I respectfully

submit this suggestion for the consideration of Commodore Cuning.

Yours, &c.,

ADMIRER.

Hongkong, 20th July, 1881.

LATEST COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Wednesday, July 20th, 1881.

One o'clock P.M.

There has been some talk of business on the Stock Exchange to-day, and something may possibly be done in the course of the afternoon; but up to the present time scarcely a single transaction has been booked. Banks are quite firm, buyers offering 109, sellers holding out for 110, and consequently not a share has changed hands. Holders of Hongkong Fires are anxious to deal at \$1,000 per share; but ten dollars less has been offered without leading to business. One or two brokers have been looking out for China Fires at \$295, but holders decline to deal at that price, which however, is apparently the limit of the commissions, so the quotation may be taken as the present nominal value of the stock. We heard some wild speculations indulged in about Hotels having found purchasers at \$117 per share; but after diligent research, we are compelled to conclude that this was merely a little bit of *finess*. The shares of the Hotel Company are still on offer at 115, although there have been a good many sales at that figure. Docks were rather weaker yesterday afternoon, and although some business has been done at 60—farther end of the month, there are still plenty shares in the market to be secured on similar conditions. Still there are really no reasons why the stock should have become slightly depreciated during the past few days, as the whole of the Company's establishments are fully employed, and we understand that a contract was signed yesterday for the construction of a new paddle steamer for Penang, which ought to bring grist to the mill, and thereby enhance the value of Dock shares. As an indication of the strength of Docks we may state that several time bargains have been negotiated at 62 for the end of September, and 65 for the end of October. Nothing has been done in Sugars since we last wrote; but if the vapourings of the "Consulting Director," and special factotum of the proposed new Sagar concern are to be credited, the days of the China Sugar Refining Company are numbered, so that speculators had better be cautious in meddling with the stock of this doomed concern. Joking apart, the position occupied by the Sagar Company's shares is not satisfactory, although we think it likely that they may manage to survive even the opposition of the transcendental and meddlesome genius, who claims to have safely steered the late Cosmopolitan Company through all their troubles and difficulties, to a haven of rest and security. If blatant bouncing could extinguish the prospects of the great Sagar Refining Company, which, under the wing of the princely house of Jardine, Matheson & Co., has attained such an unprecedented measure of prosperity since its formation, holders of Sagar might well tear their raiment, and personify grief in other recognised forms; but as it will require something more than the wild ravings of an excited Chinese partisan to materially damage the Company's prospects, shareholders may rest in peace, and wait for further developments. Nominal quotations for other stocks are appended as usual.

Shares.

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Shares—110 per cent. premium, Sellers.
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$1,675 per share ex-dividend.
China Traders' Insurance Company's Shares—\$1,700 per share.
North China Insurance Company—Tls. 1,125 per share.
Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 820 per share.
Chinese Insurance Company—\$300 per share, Ex. Div.
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 148 per share.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Shares—\$990 per share, Buyers.
China Fire Insurance Company's Shares—\$295 per share.
Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Company's Shares—60 per cent prem. Sales and Sellers.
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Company's Shares—\$31 per share premium, Sales.
China Coast Steam Navigation Company—Tls. 162 per share.
Hongkong Gas Company's Shares—\$82 per share.
Hongkong Hotel Company's Shares—\$115 per share, Sales.
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$165 per share.
China Sugar Refining Company (Debitures)—3 per cent premium.
Hongkong Ice Company's Shares—\$127½ per share, Sellers.
Hongkong & China Bakery Company, Limited—\$43½ per share.
Chinese Imperial Government Loan of 1874—(Nominal).
Chinese Imperial Government Loan of 1878—(Nominal).

Exchange.

On LONDON,—
Bank Bills, T.T., 3/8½
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight, 3/8½
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight, 3/8½
Credits, at 4 months' sight, ... 3/9
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight, 3/9½
On PARIS,—
Bank Bills, on demand, 4.65
Credits, at 4 months' sight, ... 4.75
On BOMBAY,—
Bank, T.T., 225
On CALCUTTA,—
Bank, T.T., 225
On SHANGHAI,—
Bank, T.T., 72
Private, 30 days' sight, 72½

Hongkong Temperature.

(Taken at Messrs. Falconer & Co.'s Register, Queen's-road).

HONGKONG, 19th and 20th July.

BAROMETER—1 P.M. 29.862
Do. 4 P.M. 29.810
THERMOMETER—1 P.M. 85.
Do. 4 P.M. 85.
Do. 1 P.M. (Wet bulb) 81.
Do. 4 P.M. Do. 81.
BAROMETER—9 A.M. 29.836
THERMOMETER—9 A.M. 82.
Do. 9 A.M. (Wet bulb) 80.
Do. Maximum 85.
Do. Minimum (over night) 80.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

July 19, *Conquest*, British steamer, 318, T. Hamlin, Haiphong 17th July, General.—Shun Hang Hong.
July 19, *Rohilla*, British steamer, 2252, Wm. Barratt, Shanghai, 16th July, General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.
July 19, *Ulysses*, British steamer, 1560, Thompson, Shanghai July 10th, and Poochow 17th, General.—Butterfield and Swire.
July 19, *Tu Hongkong*, Siamose bark, 635, Butmann, Bangkok July 8th, Rice.—Chinese.
July 19, *Oelava*, German steamer, 936, H. Hanson, Saigon July 15th, Rice.—E. Schellhass & Co.
July 20, *Sunda*, British steamer, 1029, J. Reeves, Yokohama, 10th July, General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.
July 20, *Kang-cho*, Chinese steamer, 790, Marsden, Haiphong and Hoihow, 19th July, General.—C. M. S. N. Co.
July 20, *Ribston*, British bark, 897, J. Tucker, Labuan, 10th July, Rattan and Timber.—Molchiers & Co.
July 20, *Mary*, British brig, 237, Wilson, Whampoa 19th July, General.—Ed. Schellhass & Co.

DEPARTURES.

July 19, *Waverley*, British steamer, for Canton.
July 19, *Manoralda*, British steamer, for Manila.
July 20, *Olympia*, German steamer, for Chofoo and Nowchwang.
July 20, *Yotung*, British steamer, for Haiphong.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per *Kohilla*, British steamer, from Shanghai to Hongkong.—Dr G. O. Rogers and 2 servants, Mr J. Presse, Mr C. Ganthier and servant, a Chinese Lady, and 12 Chinese deck. From Shanghai to Singapore.—Messrs T. F. Ballance and W. G. Gordon. From Shanghai to Southampton.—Messrs G. Lethbridge, and A. Cheyne and servant.

Per *Conguest*, British steamer, from Haiphong.—1 European deck, and 25 Chinese.

Per *Oclava*, German steamer, from Saigon.—82 Chinese.

Per *Sunda*, British steamer, from Yokohama.—Captain Groves, R.N., Messrs Budden, Broadmuir, Cunningham, J. Hutchinson, O. Fischer, F. Plaice, E. Wagner, S. Churcher, Dr Kell, R. N., Dr Hangerford, A.M.D., Madamo and Mdlle. Carandini, Miss Linden, and Mr W. Shorwin, 2 distressed seamen, and 4 Chinese.

Per *Kangchi*, Chinese steamer, from Haiphong and Hoihow.—1 second class, and 107 Chinese.

Per *Ribston*, British bark, from Labuan.—Mr Jules Peltzer and 4 Chinese.

Per *Ulysses*, British steamer, from Shanghai.—Mr James Oastler and 5 Chinese.

SHANGHAI.

The Oscar Vidal Case.

FINDING OF THE COURT.

At a Naval Court assembled at Her Britannic Majesty's Consulate at Shanghai on the 14th and 15th July, 1881, W. R. Carles, Esq., H. B. M.'s Acting Vice-Consul, President; Lieutenant J. C. Roughton, R.N., H.B.M.S. *Lapwing*, and Mr. J. T. Bragg, Master of the British steamship *Antenor*, Members.

The Court, pursuant to an order from Commander W. G. Scott, R.N. of H.B.M.S. *Lapwing*, Senior Naval officer at Shanghai, has enquired into the conduct of the Master of the British barque *Oscar Vidal*, in taking that vessel to sea on the 7th instant in at unseaworthy condition, and without obtaining the ship's papers, a Consular Clearance, or shipping his crew at the Consulate.

The Court finds that—Johann Robert Theodore Richter has committed an offence against Section CLX. of the Shipping Act, of 1854, in carrying John Barry and other seamen to sea in the British barque *Oscar Vidal* on the 8th July, without having conformed to the rules laid down in the section above-mentioned for the engagement of seamen.

2.—That the defence raised, viz.: that the barque *Oscar Vidal* is no longer a British ship, is not justified by the evidence.

3.—That the *Oscar Vidal* requires very extensive repairs before proceeding to sea.

The judgment of the Court therefore, is that Johann Robert Theodore Richter be fined twenty pounds (£20), and pay all costs and expenses of the proceedings, viz., Taxes 367.00, together with the costs of this Court, within three days, and that in default of such payment being made within the term prescribed, payment be enforced under the Merchant Shipping Act of 1854, Section 523.

(Signed) R. W. CARLES,

Acting Vice-Consul—President.

(Signed) JOHN C. ROUGHTON,

Lieut., R.N., H. M. S. *Lapwing*.

(Signed) JOHN T. BRAGG,

Master, S. S. *Antenor*.

July 15, 1881.

The President then said that all the papers belonging to the ship might be given up.

Mr. Tapp asked that the bill of sale might be detained, as further proceedings might be taken.

We understand that the costs of Court amounted to £74s.

Section 523 of the Merchant Shipping Act, of 1854 provides that if the money ordered to be paid within the time specified by the Court, is not paid, a distress can be levied on the vessel for the amount ordered to be paid.—*Courier*.

C. L. THEVENIN.
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,
AND COMMISSION AGENT.
HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING,
QUEEN'S-ROAD CENTRAL.

Intimations.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND
MACAO STEAM-BOAT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Thirtieth Ordinary Half-yearly Meeting of Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 52, Queen's-road, on Thursday, the 28th July instant, at Three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, and electing Directors and Auditors.

By order of the Board of Directors.

P. A. DA COSTA,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1881.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND
MACAO STEAM-BOAT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 15th to the 28th instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th July, 1881.

J. ULLMANN & Co.

42, QUEEN'S-ROAD, CENTRAL, 42.

Importers of WATCHES,

CLOCKS, MUSICAL BOXES, MARINE

AND EYE GLASSES, in great

varieties, and General Goods.

N.B.—Watches carefully repaired at moderate rates.

Hongkong Horse
Repository.

LIVERY STABLES,
AND DAIRY.

J. KENNEDY,
PROPRIETOR.

Carriages of every Description
For Sale, or Hire.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

Ex Gorman S. S. "*Brutus*."

BERGEDORF EXPORT BEER
in Quarts and Pints.

HEUERMANN, HERBST & Co.

Hongkong, 13th July, 1881.

FOR SALE.

VALVOLINE CYLINDER OIL.
THIS Oil is a lubricant for the Valves and Cylinders of Steam Engines, and is free from the objections which exist against the use of tallow or vegetable oils.

J. M. ARMSTRONG.

Hongkong, June 28, 1881.

FOR SALE.

A FEW DOUBLE BARREL BREECH-LOADING GUNS, 100 Loaded Cartridges and Bags with them, at \$20 each.

J. F. SCHEFFER,

54, Praya Central.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A First Class PONY PHAETON
by Lenny of Croydon.

Apply to

M. A.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" office.

Hongkong, 24th June, 1881.

FOR SALE.

PRIME GENEVEER in Stone Jars;
MARTEL BRANDY *** at \$6.50 per Dozen; **WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS** and **KUMMEL**, Good NAVY COCOA (retail at 20 Cents per lb). **SALOON RIFLES** and **CARTRIDGES**, Good **REVOLVERS**, **RELOADING CARS**, **SHOT** and **CARTRIDGE CASES** in Sizes, &c., &c., &c.

J. F. SCHEFFER,

54, Praya Central.

To be Let.

TO LET AT SPRING GARDENS

HOUSES containing 4 rooms, &c., at \$15 each per month, including taxes, from 1st August, 1881, also one house with garden at \$20 per month.

Apply to

F. PEREIRA.

112, Spring Gardens.

Intimations.

N. M. Khamisa.

Drapery Store, Nos. 8 and 10, Peel-street,

HAS For Sale, ex recent arrivals,

European Goods.

Infants' Christening Robes.

Ladies' Skirt Pleating.

Frilling, assorted kinds.

Children's White Washing Hats.

Carrying Cloaks.

Ladies' Costumes, of the best quality and latest designs.

Pale blue, pale pink, and cream, Mull

Muslins.

Infants' Silk Bonnets.

Ladies' Silk Garters, assorted shades.

Pale, blue, and Cream Book Muslins.

Ladies' Silk Hose—black, white, and

colored.

White and Black Silk Mittens.

Ladies' striped Cotton Hose.

Gentlemen's White and Balbriggan

Half-hose.

Gentlemen's, Ladies', and Children's

Gauze Singlets.

Silk Ribbons.

Ladies' Tennis Shoes; Stays, and Silk

Scarves.

French and Swiss Embroidery.

Gentlemen's White Linen Shirts and

Drawers.

Hair Brushes.

J. & P. Coates' Machine Cotton 300

yards reel, and a lot of useful

articles for Ladies dresses, &c.

Indian Goods.

Gentlemen's Smoking Caps.

Cashmere Shawls.

Cashmere Cloth for Ladies' dresses.

Indian Jewellery, comprising Silver

Bangles, Neck-laces, Belts, &c.

Ramporee Chudler.

&c., &c., &c.

Chinese Goods.

Silk Cape Shawls, Silk Hand-

kerchiefs, Scarves, &c., &c.

Hongkong, 21st June, 1881.

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,
HONGKONG HOTEL.

W. P. MOORE,

Begs to inform the Gentlemen of Hongkong and Visitors that he has

reduced the price of Hair-Cutting to 50 cents. Having now in his employ

three competent Assistants who are always in attendance, he guarantees to execute this class of work, in all its

branches, with a perfection which cannot be excelled in any part of the

World.

Hair-Cutting.....50 cents.

Shampooing.....25 "

Shaving.....25 "

Trimming Beards.....25 "

Monthly Customers taken at reduced rates.

RAZORS MOST CAREFULLY RE-SET.

Mr. MOORE begs to recommend his GOGO SHAMPOO WASH to the public as

unrivalled by any preparation ever produced for promoting the growth of the

hair. The basis of this compound is made of soap root; the natives of the

Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; they are

never found bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair from

5 to 6 feet long. By constantly using this Shampoo WASH as directed, you

will never be bald. The proprietor offers the Wash to the public entirely

confident that by its restorative properties it will without fail arrest decaying

hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff, and cures all diseases

of the scalp. It does not contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling

properties it allays the itching and fever of the scalp, which is the great cause

of people losing their hair.

Mr. MOORE has succeeded in being able to put this wash up in bottles

without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of

time in any climate.

T. ALGAR AND COMPANY,
HOUSE AND ESTATE
AGENTS.

RENTS COLLECTED.

BROWN, JONES & Co.,
UNDERTAKERS.

MOURNING STATIONERY, &c.
MONUMENTS ERECTED.

9, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

F. VINCENOT,

No. 4, PEEL-STREET,

HAS For Sale ex late arrivals.

Wines received direct from
Bordeaux.

Chateau Lafite ...per doz. qts. \$11.00

Do. per 2 doz. pts. \$12.00

Chateau Larose ...per doz. qts. \$11.00

Do. per 2 doz. pts. \$12.00

Chateau Margaux per doz. qts. \$11.00

Do. per 2 doz. pts. \$12.00

Chateau Leoville per doz. qts. \$11.00

Do. per 2 doz. pts. \$12.00

St. Emilion.....per doz. qts. \$ 7.50

Duplessis Cottage per doz. qts. \$ 6.00

Medoc ... per doz. qts. \$ 7.50

St. Julien ... per doz. qts. \$ 6.50

Do. per doz. pts. \$ 7.00

Chateau de Choisy per doz. qts. \$ 5.00

Bonne Cote Vieux per doz. qts. \$ 5.00

Do. per doz. qts. \$ 5.50

Bordeaux Claret } per doz. qts. \$ 3.50

Montfortant... } per doz. pts. \$ 4.00

Do. per doz. pts. \$ 4.00

Old Breakfast } ...per doz. qts. \$ 2.50

Claret } ...per doz. pts. \$ 3.00

St. Julienin cask \$80.00

Medoc" \$55.00

Bordeaux Breakfast } " \$38.00

Claret } " half-cask \$20.00

Do. per doz. qts. \$ 9.00

Haut Sauterne ...per doz. qts. \$ 9.00

Vieuxper qt. \$ 6.50

Muscet Grenache, recom- } ... \$ 7.00

mended for invalids, ... }

Marsalaper doz. qts. \$ 6.00

Brandies, Spirits and Liqueurs.

W. R. Randon Vineyard } ...\$ 6.00

Proprietors } ...\$ 10.00

Kirsch-Wasser...per doz. qts. \$10.00

Cavalier Freres fine } per dozen \$ 8.00

Champagne }

Irish Whiskey, LL... per doz. \$ 6.50

Scotchper doz. \$ 6.00

Bourbonper doz. \$12.50

Absinth Pernod Fils... per doz. \$ 8.00

Do. Moulletper doz. \$ 8.00

Do. Noilly Prat... per doz. \$ 6.50

Yellow Chartreuse per doz. qts. \$25.00

Do. per btl. \$ 2.25

Green " per doz. qts. \$30.00

Do. per btl. \$ 2.50

F. V. Respail... ..per doz. qts. \$14.00

Do. per btl. \$ 1.50

Creme de Noyau } per doz. qts. \$13.00

Marie Brizart } per btl. \$ 1.25

Do.per btl. \$ 1.25

Cacao de Vanilleper btl. \$ 1.25

Curaçoa Marie } per doz. qts. \$22.00

Brizart }

Do. per bottle \$ 2.00

Red Curaçoa Fockink (Genuine) } \$ 22.00

per dozen qts. }

Do. per btl. \$ 2.00

Do. per ½ stone btl. 1.25

Peppermint } ...per doz. qts. \$14.00

Get Freres } per btl. \$ 1.50

Do. per btl. \$ 1.50

Alcohol of Menthe from Ricgles } \$ 0.60

(Lyon) per bottle..... }

Benedictine... ..per doz. pts. \$10.00

Do.per pt. btl. \$ 1.00

Noilly Prat Ver- } per doz. qts. \$ 5.00

mouth... .. }